	sal Summary Table	M Portugu Improvemente Schome	Date produced:			ontact:
Description of scheme:		AA Potway Improvements Scheme The proposed key scheme elements include: +8.24-hour inbound bus lane along most of the route to connect the small section that c +8.24-hour inbound bus lane to scheard the small section that exists by the Potway Pa +8.24-hour cubund bus lane to scheard the small section that exists by the Potway Pa +8.24-hour cubund bus lane to schear the small section that exists by the Potway Pa -8.24-hour cubund bus lane to schear the small section that exists by the Potway Pa -8.24-hour provide better walking and cycling -8.24-hour provide better walking -8.24-hour provide bus lane to the small section that c -8.24-hour provide bus lane to the small section that c -8.24-hour provide bus lane to the small section that c -8.24-hour provide bus lane to the small section that c -8.24-hour provide bus lane to the small section that c -8.24-hour provide bus lane t	rk & Ride entrance. facilities.		Name Organisation Role	Toby Clayton BCC Promoter/Official
	Scenario: Impacts	Summary of key impacts	Quantitative	Assessment Qualitativ	e Monetary £(NPV)	Distributional 7-pt scale/
	Business users & transport providers	Highway impacts have been assessed but will not be inlouded as part of the economic appraisal tables	Value of journey time changes(Net journey time changes 0 to 2min 2 to 5min			vulnerable gro Neutral
F	Reliability impact on Business users	Providing dedicated bus infrastructure and bus lanes is likely to reduce the likelihood of sucidences where buse are delayed to congestion or incident from general highways traffic. Therefore, improving reliability for buses along the whole confider in the outbound and inbound directions. A mode with off cars to public transport or cyting and walking is also likely for reduce the car trips along the AF Portway and therefore, reduce incidences with congestion and accidents. However, this has been belianced with the highway disbenefits to traffic as a			Slight Beneficial	
	Regeneration Wider Impacts	According to the Lithan Transport Group in The Case for Active Travel 'Active travel can play a major role in feeing up valuable space to be used for activities which people attach more value to. Where space has been residuced cities have seen large benefits with ircrassed footfal, economic activity and land values. "Schemes that encourage a shift to active modes and public transport were found to have a positive impact on land value, ransing benefits beyond the physical scheme. This scheme creates a better environment for those cycling and walking along the AP Portway, therefore, is filely to have a beneficial impact on land values.				
٨	Noise	Notice Important Areas 303 and 224 fail within the study area along the route and will require special consideration and potential minigation if the study highlights any increase in noise levels, even if negligible. Providing better public transport and active travel infrastructure is fixely to make these modes of transport noise attacked and therefore provide a mode shift from cart to public transport/active travel infrastructure reducing noise levels. Whilst this has not been quantified it is kelly to undeep any negative impracts from any changes in		Slight Benefi	cial	N/A
A	Air Quality	The operational phase of the proposed scheme has the potential to affect air quality due to changes in welder emissions associated with changes in the composition of traffic on the local road retwork; of changes in vehicle emissions associated with changes in speed of traffic on the local road network; and of changes in road layout which regions the changes in speed of traffic on the local road of changes in road layout which regions are consistent or consistent or properties of the changes have the potential to result in both adverse and beneficial impacts on estimal for the changes have the potential to result in both adverse and beneficial impacts on estimal affair that the changes have the potential to result in both adverse and beneficial impacts on estimate and shure ensistent exceptors. However, it is likely that most shift to more suitantake modes		Slight Benefit	cial	N/A
G	Greenhouse gases	Providing better public transport and active travel infrastructure is likely to make sustainable modes attractive and therefore promote a mode shift away from car reducing Greenhouse Gases. Whilst this has not been quantified it is likely to outwelpin yn regative impacts from any changes in congestion and speeds.	Change in non-traded carbon over 60y (CC Change in traded carbon over 60y (CO2e)	Slight Benefi	cial	
L	andscape	Potential operational phase impacts on landscape character and visual amently may arise from: Materials and surfacing proposed such as new red coloured surfacing to the bus lanes as well as tacible powing at crossing points; Street Furnituse such as proposed bollarist and any additional signage; introduction of textures such as risided tables; Introduction of new or change to existing lighting; and Removal or reduction in grass veyers and vegetation.		negligible slightly adver	se	
	Townscape - Historic Environment	See Landscape There is the potential for adverse imposts on the value of designated and non-designated habitoric buildings due to changes to their setting during construction and operation. There is construction and operation. There is construction and operation phases. There would be some potential for adverse imposts to the value of archaeological remains due to changes to their setting during construction and operation. There may be the potential for the development out unover and/or daubut hitherino control and the properation of the following: a Cultural heritage can be mitigated, through the properation of the following: a Cultural heritage Seasilee Assessment (CH6A), and a Construction Environmental Management Plan.		slight to moderate adverse		
В	Biodiversity	The impact of the Scheme is Neutral to Large Adverse (but these impacts will vary dependent upon detailed design and the design should be iterated to prevent impacts to designated		neutral to lar adverse	ge	
٧	Vater Environment	eness and habitate articement to the monitory contributation that activation of based (from a The majority of the site is located within Flood Zone (1 with some areas of FZ 2 and 3 at the north-western end of the A4 Portway, near Avonmouth, and to the south-east in the vicinity of Sea Mills). Surface water flood risk is considered very low risk. So overall, a mostly low risk of flooding from rivers, but the two areas mentioned above. Surface water risk can increase thus to the activacy of the accompany under the contribution of the con		insignificant/s ht adverse	ilig	
C	Commuting and Other users	Highway impacts have been assessed but will not be incuded as part of the economic appraisal tables	Value of journey time changes(Net journey time changes 0 to 2min 2 to 5min	E) 6 (E) > 5min		Neutral
C	Reliability impact on Commuting and Other users	Providing dedicated bus infrastructure and bus lanes is likely to reduce the likelihood of infrastructure and bus lanes is likely to reduce the likelihood of infrastructure. It is not a final property of the likelihood of infrastructure along the houtboard and inhound reduced in the outboard and inhound infrastructure along the A4 Portway in the form of a share-use				
	Physical activity	any objective the state of the continued of the state of the continued of		Slight Benefi	cial	
	lourney quality	and consequently the improved perception of safety for pedestrians and cyclists. There is also likely to be reduced traveller stress through more reliable and faster journey times by bus. Transport interventions may after the risk of individuals being killed or injured as a result of		Slight Benefi	cial	
		accidents. This scheme has localised improvements to junctions, which include upgrading rootsing facilities along the AP Proviney, this likely to reduce accidents with predestrains. Furthermore, upgrading the cycle and pedestrain shared-use facilities along the AP Portway will provide further segregation from Intellin reducing accidents between motor vehicles, pedestrains and cycless. Furthermore, by providing a scheme aimed at mode shift away from cars this scheme is as to largely in reducing a colombia between reducing the more thesics with has been moretised to the colombia and the colombia accidents between reducing this providence in the colombia and the colombia accidents between providents the colombia and the colombia accidents between providents between provident and the colombia accidents between providents between providents and provident		Moderate Beneficial		Slight Beneficia
9	Security	Improved active travel facilities along the A4 Portway are more likely to attract new users cycling and walking, this will help improve informal surveillance along the A4 Portway Corridor. The improved pedestrain and cyclist environment, along with uppraded bus stops is also likely to improve the perception of personal security along with improvements to lighting and		Slight Benefi	cial	Slight Beneficia
	Access to services	The scheme is likely to improve accessibility for those who travel by public transport as it will improve journey interes and reliability to public transport users. Furthermore, there may be the option for further services to be added as a result of the increased demand on current bus services because the scheme. This is likely to improve accessibility for those travelling by bus class the scheme of the s		Moderate Beneficial Neutral		Slight Beneficial
93	Severance	Whilst the scheme encourages the use of public transport and setive travel, which is likely to reduce car rips, this is unlikely to have a significant impact on severance. The scheme involves upgrading and new crossing facilities for pedestrians which may help pedestrians travel easier between seach eight of the Ad Porture.		Slight Benefi	cial	Slight Beneficial
E 0	Option and non-use values Cost to Broad Transport Budget	TAG A1 indicates that Option and non-use values should be assessed if the scheme being appraised includes measures that will substantially change the availability of transport sensions within the study area therefore. This is not assessed as near of this scheme. Cost to the broad transport budget is composed of investment costs alongside maintenance savings.		N/A	5.25	
8	ndirect Tax Revenues	An increase in indirect tax revenue will have a negative impact on the public accounts.			-0.94	